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Theorem. Suppose that $T_{1}=U_{1} V_{1} W_{1}$ and $T_{2}=U_{2} V_{2} W_{2}$ are triangles and that $T_{1}$ is not perspective to $T_{2}$. Let $T=U V W$ be the vertex triangle of $T_{1}$ and $T_{2}$. Let $U_{0}$ be the point, other than $U$, that $\left(U V_{1} W_{1}\right)$ and $\left(U V_{2} W_{2}\right)$ intersect, and define $V_{0}, W_{0}$ cyclically. Let $M_{1}, M_{2}$ be respectively the Miquel point of $T_{1}$ and $T_{2}$ with respect to $T$, i.e., $M_{1}=\left(U V_{1} W_{1}\right) \cap\left(V W_{1} U_{1}\right) \cap\left(W U_{1} V_{1}\right)$ and $M_{2}=\left(U V_{2} W_{2}\right) \cap\left(V W_{2} U_{2}\right) \cap\left(W U_{2} V_{2}\right)$. Let Vn be the Vietnamese point of $T_{1}$ and $T_{2}$. Then six points $U_{0}, V_{0}, W_{0}, M_{1}, M_{2}, V n$ lie on a circle.


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